



ធនាគារជាតិ នៃ កម្ពុជា  
NATIONAL BANK OF CAMBODIA

# ព្រឹត្តិបត្រស្ថិតិសីលក្លែងទូទាត់

## Balance of Payments Statistics Bulletin

ត្រីមាសទី១ ឆ្នាំ២០២៦ លេខ ៩០

First Quarter 2026, Series No. 90



## Message from the Governor

The National Bank of Cambodia (NBC) is pleased to present the 90th edition of Cambodia's Balance of Payments Statistics (CBOPS) Bulletin, covering the First Quarter of 2026. This bulletin, compiled on a quarterly basis and published in both Khmer and English, provides time-series statistics on Cambodia's balance of payments, international investment position, and external debt, together with a brief overview of the recent developments in the external sector. The online edition of the bulletin, as well as more detailed statistical tables, is accessible on the NBC's official website.

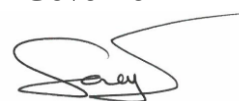
The NBC compiles Cambodia's Balance of Payments Statistics in accordance with the *Sixth Edition of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6)*, published in 2009 by the International Monetary Fund (IMF). The NBC remains committed to further strengthening and refining the BPM6 compilation methodology to ensure that Cambodia's balance of payments data are fully aligned with international standards, thereby enhancing the quality of analysis and research by data users.

To facilitate broader understanding, the "Technical Notes" section at the end of this bulletin provides a concise overview of the BPM6 framework, including its concepts, definitions, data sources, compilation methodology, as well as a summary of the main changes from BPM5 to BPM6.

The NBC wishes to extend its sincere appreciation to the relevant governmental organizations and data providers for their invaluable support and cooperation, which have been essential for the sustainability of the BOP compilation process and the successful publication of the CBOPS Quarterly Bulletin.

On behalf of the National Bank of Cambodia, I wish to thank all readers for their continued interest in and support for the CBOPS Quarterly Bulletin.

**Governor**



**Chea Serey**  
March 18, 2026  
Phnom Penh

# CONTENTS



	Page
NOTES .....	3
HIGHLIGHTS .....	4
KEY AGGREGATES .....	4
KEY POINTS .....	4
Figure 1: Current and Capital Accounts Aggregates .....	4
ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES .....	5
CURRENT AND CAPITAL ACCOUNTS.....	5
CURRENT ACCOUNT .....	5
Figure 2: Exports and Imports .....	5
Figure 3: Services (Credits and Debits) .....	6
Figure 4: Primary Income (Credits and Debits) .....	7
Figure 5: Secondary Income (Credits and Debits) .....	8
CAPITAL ACCOUNT .....	8
Figure 6: Capital Account .....	8
FINANCIAL ACCOUNT .....	9
Figure 7: Financial Account Aggregates .....	9
INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION .....	10
Figure 8: International Investment Position Aggregates .....	10
TABLES OF BALANCE OF PAYMENTS .....	11
Table 1: Cambodia's Balance of Payments .....	11
Table 2: Goods Account .....	12
Table 3: Services Account .....	13
Table 4: Primary Income Account .....	14
Table 5: Secondary Income Account .....	15
Table 6: Capital Account .....	16
Table 7: Financial Account .....	17
Table 8: International Investment Position .....	18
Table 9: Gross External Debt Position by Sector .....	19
Table 10: Balance of Payments Ratios .....	20
TECHNICAL NOTES .....	21

## Notes

### Inquiries

For further information about this BOP and related statistics, please contact the Statistics Department, Directorate General of Policy and International Cooperation, National Bank of Cambodia on (855) 23 722 563-1118 or by email at: [statistics@nbc.gov.kh](mailto:statistics@nbc.gov.kh).

### Forthcoming issues

Issue	Expected
<i>Second Quarter 2026</i>	<i>30 June 2026</i>

### Changes in this issue

This release include revisions in the Current accounts, Financial accounts, International Investment Position table, and External Debt table.

The revision on the current account included 1/-Goods account (credit) in the third quarter of 2025, 2/-Services account (credit) in the second quarter of 2025 and Services account (debit) in the second and third quarter of 2025, 3/-Primary income account (credit) in the second quarter of 2025 and Primary income account (debit) from second to third quarter of 2025, and 4/-Secondary income (credit) in the second and third quarter of 2025.

The revisions on the Financial Account included 1/-In the net acquisition of financial assets on other investment in the third quarter of 2025, and 2/-In net incurrence of liabilities on direct investment from first to third quarter of 2025 and other investment in the second and third quarter of 2025.

The revisions on the International Investment Position table included 1/-Total assets on other investment in third of 2025 and 2/-Total Liabilities on direct investment from first to third quarter of 2025.

The revisions on the External Debt in the General Government on loan in the third quarter of 2025.

These revisions have been made mainly due to the changes in data sources and compilation methodologies.

### Changes in next issue

Changes will also be made to some other BOP components following the revised estimates by data sources.

### Abbreviations

BOP	Balance of Payments
BPM6	Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual, 6 <sup>th</sup> edition
NBC	National Bank of Cambodia
n.i.e.	Not Included Elsewhere

### Rounding

Any discrepancies between totals and the sum of the component aggregates in this publication are due to rounding.

### Unit of Currency

KHR 1 billion = KHR 1,000,000,000

## HIGHLIGHTS

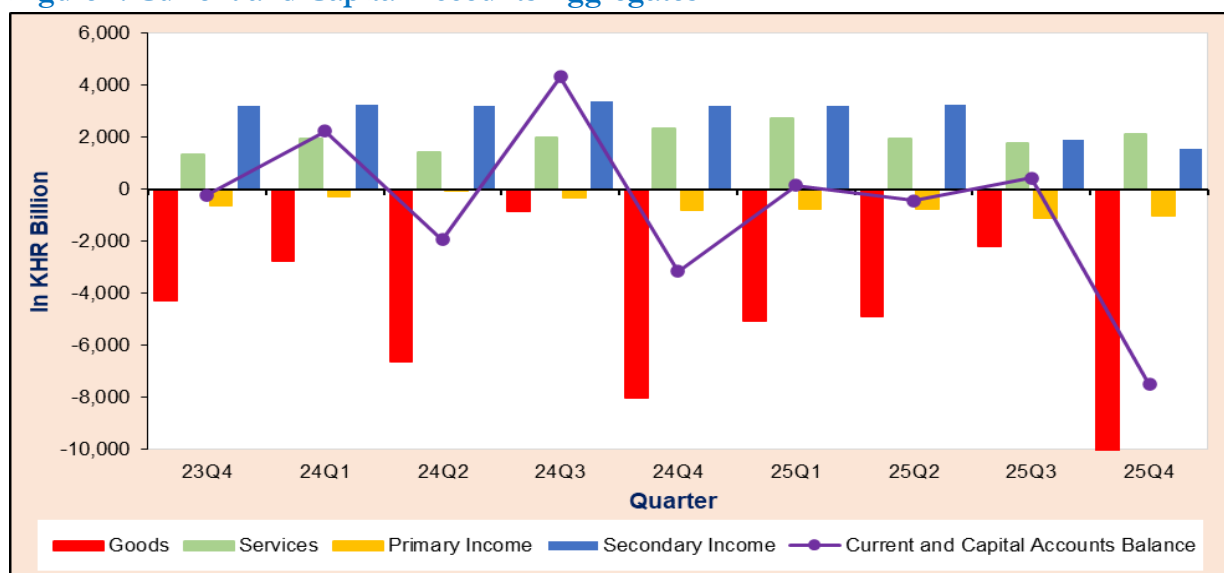
### KEY AGGREGATES

KHR Billion	23Q4	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	% Change 25Q4/25Q3	% Change 25Q4/24Q4
<b>CURRENT AND CAPITAL ACCOUNTS</b>											
Balance on Goods	-4,279	-2,751	-6,634	-849	-8,040	-5,046	-4,910	-2,209	-10,209	--	27.0
Services, net	1,354	1,931	1,439	1,978	2,323	2,707	1,954	1,780	2,123	19.3	-8.6
Primary income, net	-644	-295	-70	-311	-781	-747	-773	-1,084	-1,022	-5.7	30.8
Secondary income, net	3,209	3,232	3,192	3,384	3,216	3,206	3,265	1,910	1,557	-18.5	-51.6
Capital account	144	128	128	128	127	33	33	33	33	0.2	-74.1
Current and Capital accounts balance	-216	2,245	-1,944	4,330	-3,156	153	-432	429	-7,517	--	--
<b>FINANCIAL ACCOUNT</b>											
Direct investment, net	-3,933	-3,809	-3,263	-5,168	-4,954	-3,860	-4,563	-6,185	-5,300	-14.3	7.0
Portfolio investment, net	56	-526	302	1,741	481	-902	137	384	-211	--	--
Financial derivatives, net	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment, net	5,559	5,930	1,417	6,026	-2,356	8,064	1,867	4,967	-1,294	--	-45.1
Reserve assets	186	-639	-174	288	2,272	495	1,598	914	1,675	83.4	-26.3
Financial Account balance	1,868	956	-1,717	2,887	-4,557	3,797	-961	79	-5,129	--	12.6
<b>INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION</b>											
Net International Investment Position	-153,138	-149,415	-152,309	-143,312	-143,754	-134,837	-135,130	-126,671	-124,641	-1.6	-13.3

### KEY POINTS

In the fourth quarter of 2025, Cambodia's Balance of Payments posted a surplus of KHR 1,675 billion, increased by KHR 762 billion compared to a surplus of KHR 914 billion in the previous quarter, due to a switch in the financial account from a net acquisition of financial assets to a net incurrence of liabilities, while the current and capital accounts switched from a surplus to a deficit. The current and capital accounts showed a deficit of KHR 7,517 billion, reversed from a surplus of KHR 429 billion in the previous quarter. This was driven by an increase in deficit of goods account couple with a decrease in surplus of secondary income account, while the surplus of services account increased and deficit of primary income account decreased.

Figure 1: Current and Capital Accounts Aggregates



Financial account recorded a net incurrence of liabilities of KHR 5,129 billion, switched from a net acquisition of financial assets of KHR 79 billion compared to the previous quarter, primarily triggered by the shift from a net acquisition of financial assets to a net incurrence of liabilities of other investment and portfolio investment, while the net incurrence of liabilities of direct investment decreased.

As of the end of the fourth quarter of 2025, Cambodia's international investment position indicated net external liabilities of KHR 124,641 billion, decreased by KHR 2,030 billion (1.6%) from KHR 126,671 billion at the end of previous quarter. Compared to the end of the same quarter last year, international investment position showed a decrease in net external liabilities of KHR 19,113 billion (13.3%) from KHR 143,754 billion.

## ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES

### CURRENT AND CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

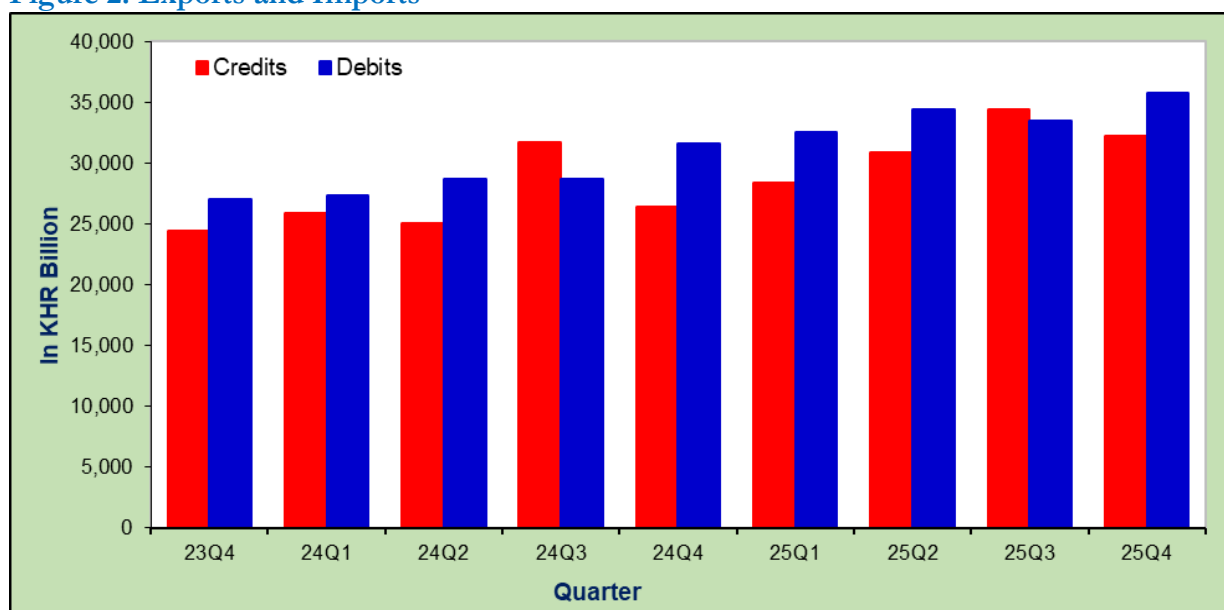
#### CURRENT ACCOUNT

The current account registered a deficit of KHR 7,550 billion, shifted from a surplus of KHR 397 billion in the previous quarter. This result was triggered by an increase in the deficit of goods account couple with a decrease in surplus of secondary income account, while the surplus of services account increased and deficit of primary income account decreased. Compared to the same period last year, the current account increased by KHR 4,268 billion (1.3 times) from a deficit of KHR 3,283 billion.

#### GOODS

The balance on goods account had a deficit of KHR 10,209 billion, increased by KHR 8,000 billion (3.6 times) from a deficit of KHR 2,209 billion in the previous quarter. Compared to the same period last year, this account increased by KHR 2,169 billion (27%) from a deficit of KHR 8,040 billion.

Figure 2: Exports and Imports



Exports of goods were KHR 32,270 billion, decreased by KHR 2,091 billion (6.1%) from KHR 34,361 billion in the previous quarter. The decrease in exports of goods was significantly driven by the decreases in exports of garments by KHR 2,324 billion (17.3%), other textiles by KHR 221 billion (7.6%), and electrical part by KHR 12 billion (1.3%); while the exports of agricultural products increased by KHR 494 billion (13.7%), footwear by KHR 185 billion (9.1%), and bicycles by KHR 96 billion (17.3%). Compared to the same period last year, exports of goods increased by KHR 5,907 billion (22.4%) from KHR 26,362 billion.

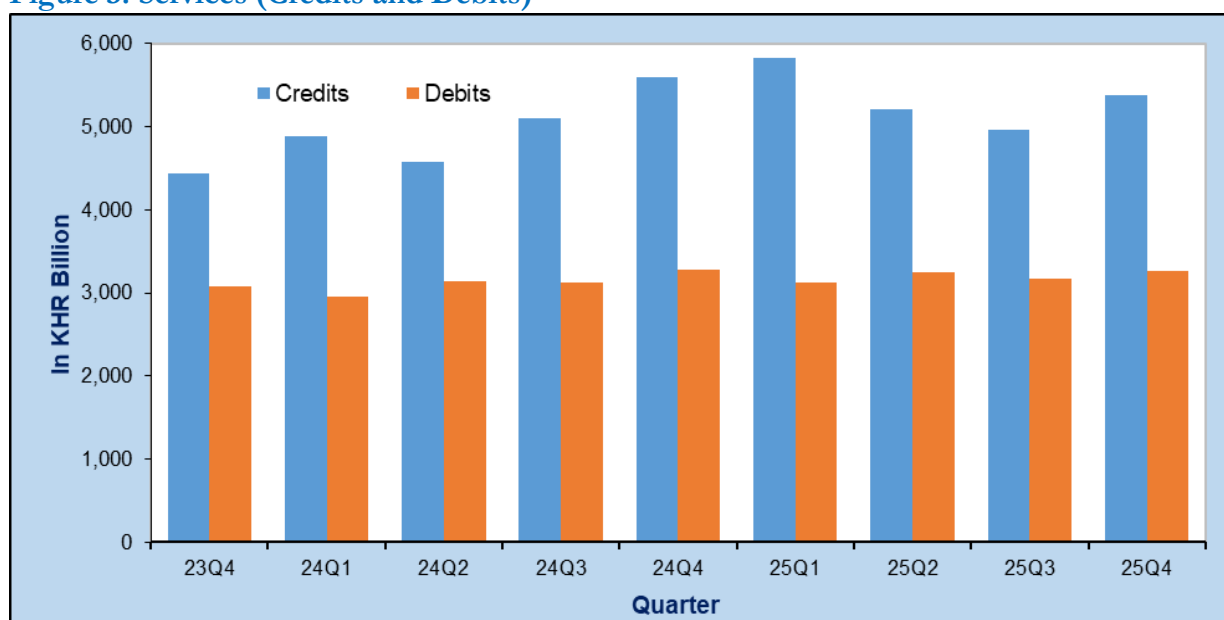
Imports of goods were KHR 42,479 billion, enlarged by KHR 5,910 billion (16.2%) from KHR 36,569 billion in the previous quarter. The increase in imports of goods was primarily contributed by the growth in imports of garment materials by KHR 578 billion (9.3%), food and beverage by KHR 305 billion (14.8%), vehicles by KHR 169 billion (6.1%), and construction materials and equipment by KHR 6 billion (0.1%); while the imports of petroleum declined by KHR 755 billion (17.9%). Compared to the same period last year, imports of goods increased by KHR 8,076 billion (23.5%) from KHR 34,403 billion.

## SERVICES

The services account recorded a surplus of KHR 2,123 billion, increased by KHR 344 billion (19.3%) from a surplus of KHR 1,780 billion in the last quarter. The rise in this surplus was mainly due to increase in exports outpacing the growth of service imports. Compared to the same period last year, the services account decreased by KHR 200 billion (8.6%) from the surplus of KHR 2,323 billion.

Exports of services were KHR 5,389 billion, a growth of KHR 429 billion (8.7%) from KHR 4,960 billion in the last quarter, primarily due to the growth in exports of travel services by KHR 379 billion (11%), transportation services by KHR 101 billion (14.2%), government goods and services n.i.e. by KHR 25 billion (14.6%), other business services by KHR 4 billion (2.1%), financial services by KHR 1 billion (21.8%), and personal, cultural and recreational services by KHR 1 billion (1.5 times). Meanwhile, the exports of telecommunications, computers, and information services declined by KHR 76 billion (23.9%), insurance and pension services by KHR 4 billion (87.3%), construction services by KHR 0.3 billion (0.4%), and charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e. by KHR 0.03 billion (0.4%). Over the same period last year, exports of services decreased by KHR 213 billion (3.8%) from KHR 5,602 billion.

**Figure 3: Services (Credits and Debits)**



Imports of services were KHR 3,265 billion, an increase of KHR 85 billion (2.7%) from KHR 3,180 billion in the last quarter, resulted from the rise in imports of transportation services by KHR 67 billion (3.8%), other business services by KHR 43 billion (38.6%), travel services by KHR 28 billion (5.3%), insurance and pension services by KHR 27 billion (10.4%), government goods and services n.i.e. by KHR 13 billion (54.6%), and financial services by KHR 1 billion (4.1%). Meanwhile, the imports of construction services declined by KHR 66 billion (38.9%), charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e. by KHR 14 billion (9.5%), telecommunications, computers, and information services by KHR 12 billion (7.1%), and personal, cultural and recreational services by KHR 0.3 billion (45.1%). Over the same period last year, imports of services decreased by KHR 13 billion (0.4%) from KHR 3,278 billion.

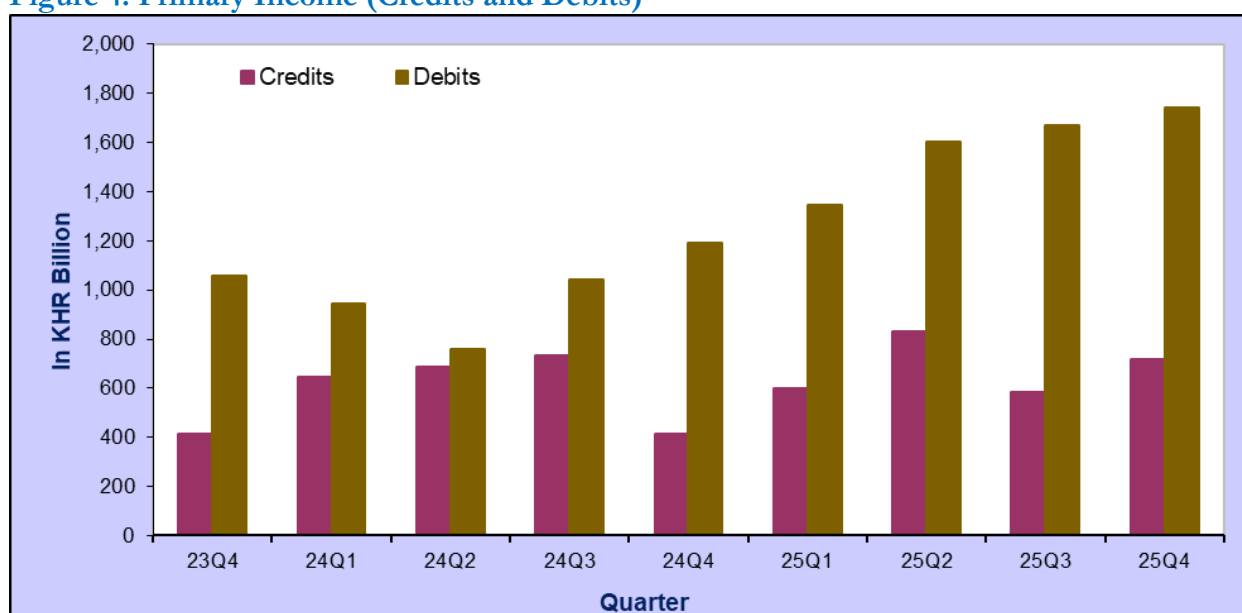
## PRIMARY INCOME

Primary income indicated a deficit of KHR 1,022 billion, decreased by KHR 62 billion (5.7%) from a deficit of KHR 1,084 billion in the previous quarter, due to primary income credits increasing faster than primary income debits. Primary income deficit increased by KHR 241 billion (30.8%) from a deficit of KHR 781 billion in the same period last year.

Primary income credits were KHR 719 billion, increased by KHR 134 billion (22.8%) from KHR 586 billion in the previous quarter, mainly contributed by the increase in investment income of KHR 154 billion (28.7%); while compensation of employees decreased by KHR 20 billion (40.5%). Compared to the same quarter last year, primary income credits increased by KHR 307 billion (74.4%) from KHR 412 billion.

Primary income debits were KHR 1,741 billion, increased by KHR 72 billion (4.3%) from KHR 1,670 billion in the previous quarter, due to an increase in investment income of KHR 69 billion (4.6%), together with compensation of employees increased by KHR 2 billion (1.4%). Primary income debits rose by KHR 548 billion (45.9%) from KHR 1,194 billion in the same period last year.

Figure 4: Primary Income (Credits and Debits)

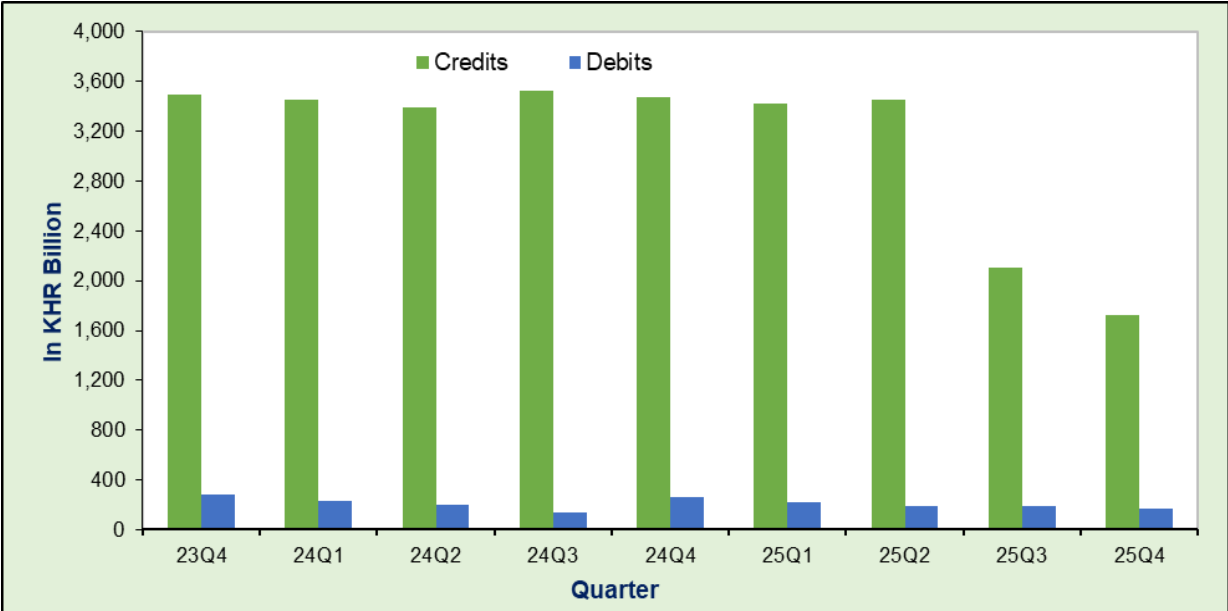


## SECONDARY INCOME

Secondary income posted a surplus of KHR 1,557 billion, a decrease of KHR 352 billion (18.5%) from a surplus of KHR 1,910 billion in the previous period, primarily due to a faster decline of secondary income credits compared to secondary income debits. The surplus in secondary income decreased by KHR 1,658 billion (51.6%) from a surplus of KHR 3,216 billion in the same quarter last year.

Secondary income credits were KHR 1,722 billion, a decrease of KHR 378 billion (18%) from KHR 2,100 billion in the previous period, as a result from the decline in the other sectors by KHR 378 billion (21.9%), while the general government rose by KHR 1 billion (0.2%). Compared to the same quarter last year, secondary income credits decreased by KHR 1,755 billion (50.5%) from KHR 3,477 billion.

Figure 5: Secondary Income (Credits and Debits)

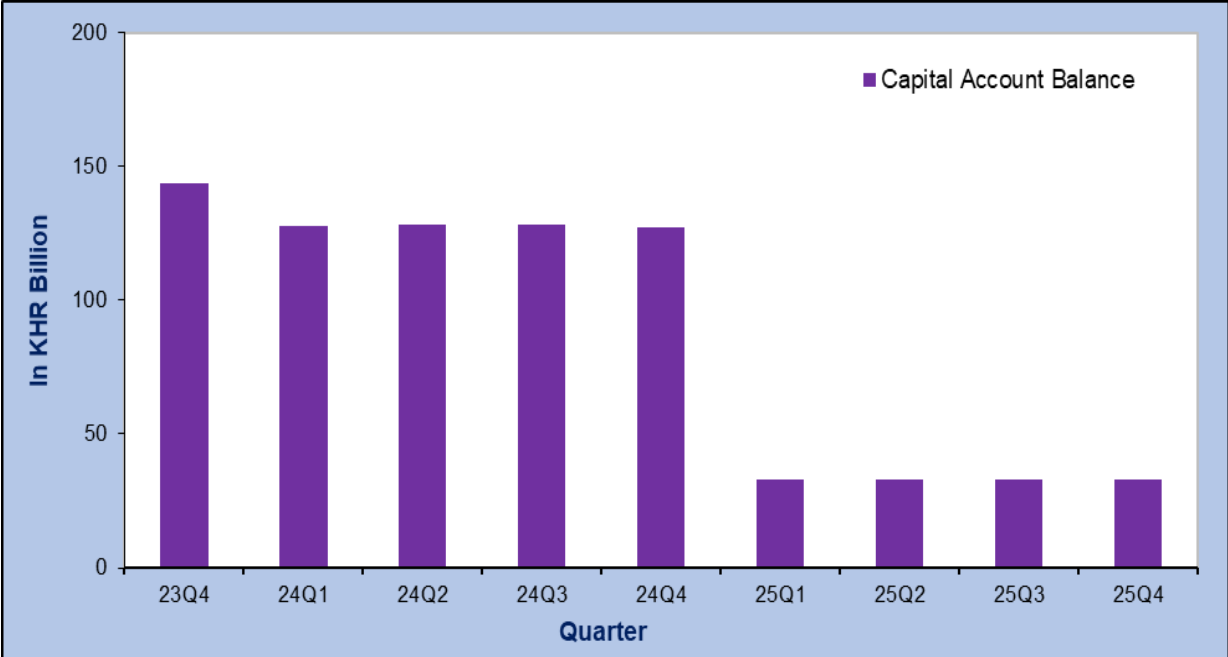


Secondary income debits were KHR 165 billion, a decrease of KHR 25 billion (13.3%) from KHR 190 billion in the last quarter, resulting primarily from a decrease of KHR 17 billion (9.8%) in other sectors couple with general government decreased by KHR 8 billion (51.3%). Compared to the same quarter last year, secondary income debits decreased by KHR 97 billion (37%) from KHR 262 billion.

**CAPITAL ACCOUNT**

Capital account recorded a surplus of KHR 33 billion, increased by KHR 0.1 billion (0.2%) compared to the previous quarter. The surplus in capital account declined by KHR 94 billion (74.1%) from KHR 127 billion in the same period last year.

Figure 6: Capital Account



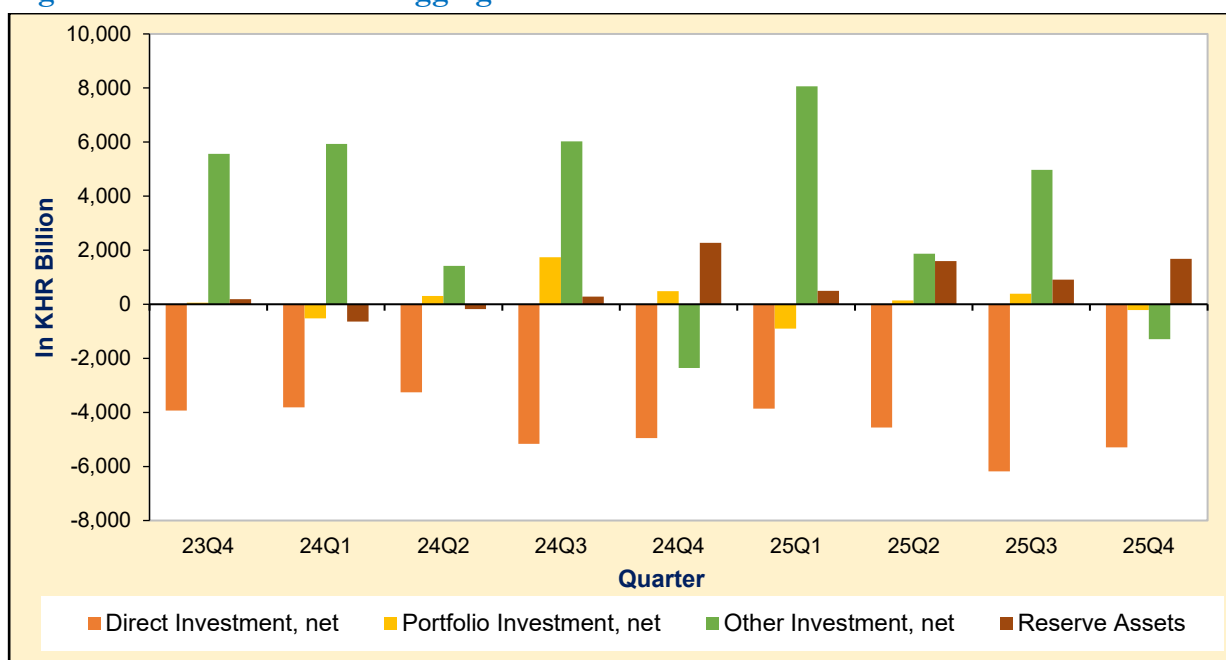
## FINANCIAL ACCOUNT

Financial account balance registered a net incurrence liabilities of KHR 5,129 billion, switched from a net acquisition of assets of KHR 79 billion in the previous quarter. Compared to the same period last year, financial account increased by KHR 572 billion (12.6%) from a net incurrence of liabilities of KHR 4,557 billion.

Net direct investment recorded a net incurrence of liabilities of KHR 5,300 billion, decreased by KHR 886 billion (14.3%) from KHR 6,185 billion in the previous quarter, which resulted mainly from a decrease in foreign direct investment in Cambodia. Year-on-year changes, the net incurrence of liabilities of net direct investment increased by KHR 345 billion (7%) from KHR 4,954 billion.

Foreign direct investment in Cambodia totaled KHR 5,444 billion, decreased by KHR 868 billion (13.8%) from KHR 6,312 billion in the previous quarter. On a year-on-year basis, foreign direct investment in Cambodia increased by KHR 330 billion (6.5%), up from KHR 5,114 billion.

**Figure 7: Financial Account Aggregates**



Portfolio investment recorded a net incurrence of liabilities of KHR 211 billion, switched from a net acquisition of financial assets of KHR 384 billion in the previous quarter. Year-on-Year changes, net incurrence of liabilities of this account switched from a net acquisition of financial assets of KHR 481 billion.

Other investment posted a net incurrence of liabilities of KHR 1,294 billion, reversed from a net acquisition of assets of KHR 4,967 billion in the previous quarter. Year-on-Year changes, the net incurrence of liabilities of other investment decreased by KHR 1,063 billion (45.1%) from KHR 2,356 billion.

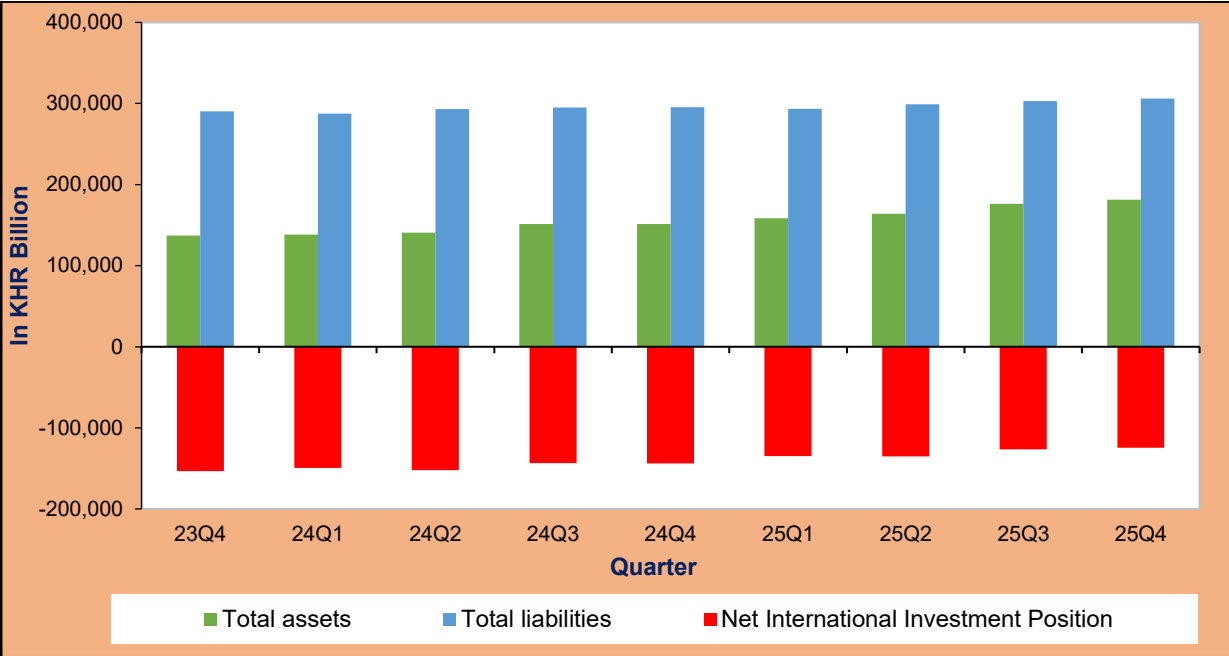
In the fourth quarter of 2025, reserve assets reported an increase of KHR 1,675 billion, compared to a decrease of KHR 914 billion in the previous quarter, and an increase of KHR 2,272 billion in the same period last year.

**INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION**

At the end of the fourth quarter of 2025, Cambodia’s international investment position posted net external liabilities of KHR 124,641 billion, decreased by KHR 2.030 billion (1.6%) from KHR 126,671 billion at the end of the previous quarter. In terms of year-on-year changes, Cambodia’s net external liabilities decreased by KHR 19,113 billion (13.3%) from KHR 143,754 billion in the same period last year.

Cambodia’s external assets stood at KHR 181,305 billion, increased by KHR 4,883 billion (2.8%) from KHR 176,422 billion in the previous quarter. Year-on-Year changes, the external assets increased by KHR 29,760 billion (19.6%) from KHR 151,545 billion.

**Figure 8: International Investment Position Aggregates**



Cambodia’s external liabilities were KHR 305,946 billion, increased by KHR 2,853 billion (0.9%) from KHR 303,093 billion at the end of the previous quarter. At the end of the same period last year, the external liabilities grew from KHR 295,299 billion by KHR 10,647 billion (3.6%).

# Table 1: CAMBODIA'S BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

In KHR Billion												
Main Components	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>Current Account Balance</b>	-359	2,279	2,117	-2,072	4,202	-3,283	963	120	-465	397	-7,550	-7,499
Credits	32,727	130,134	34,890	33,685	41,055	35,854	145,485	38,240	40,329	42,006	40,100	160,676
Debits	33,086	127,855	32,773	35,758	36,854	39,137	144,521	38,120	40,794	41,609	47,651	168,175
Goods and Services, net	-2,925	-6,853	-820	-5,194	1,129	-5,717	-10,602	-2,338	-2,957	-429	-8,086	-13,810
Credits	28,818	114,096	30,784	29,600	36,797	31,964	129,145	34,219	36,042	39,320	37,659	147,240
Debits	31,743	120,949	31,604	34,794	35,668	37,681	139,747	36,557	38,999	39,749	45,744	161,050
Goods, net	-4,279	-12,266	-2,751	-6,634	-849	-8,040	-18,274	-5,046	-4,910	-2,209	-10,209	-22,374
Credits	24,380	96,883	25,893	25,014	31,692	26,362	108,961	28,388	30,833	34,361	32,270	125,852
Debits	28,659	109,149	28,643	31,648	32,541	34,403	127,235	33,434	35,744	36,569	42,479	148,226
Services, net	1,354	5,414	1,931	1,439	1,978	2,323	7,672	2,707	1,954	1,780	2,123	8,564
Credits	4,438	17,213	4,891	4,586	5,105	5,602	20,184	5,830	5,209	4,960	5,389	21,388
Debits	3,083	11,800	2,960	3,146	3,127	3,278	12,512	3,123	3,255	3,180	3,265	12,824
Primary Income, net	-644	-3,914	-295	-70	-311	-781	-1,457	-747	-773	-1,084	-1,022	-3,627
Credits	412	2,008	648	690	732	412	2,481	598	830	586	719	2,733
Debits	1,056	5,922	943	759	1,042	1,194	3,938	1,345	1,603	1,670	1,741	6,360
Secondary Income, net	3,209	13,046	3,232	3,192	3,384	3,216	13,023	3,206	3,265	1,910	1,557	9,937
Credits	3,496	14,030	3,458	3,396	3,527	3,477	13,859	3,423	3,457	2,100	1,722	10,702
Debits	287	985	227	205	143	262	836	218	192	190	165	765
<b>Capital Account Balance</b>	144	574	128	128	128	127	512	33	33	33	33	131
Credits	144	574	128	128	128	127	512	33	33	33	33	131
Debits	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
<b>Current and Capital Accounts Balance</b>	-216	2,853	2,245	-1,944	4,330	-3,156	1,475	153	-432	429	-7,517	-7,368
<b>Financial Account Balance</b>	1,868	-1,803	956	-1,717	2,887	-4,557	-2,430	3,797	-961	79	-5,129	-2,213
Direct Investment, net	-3,933	-15,645	-3,809	-3,263	-5,168	-4,954	-17,193	-3,860	-4,563	-6,185	-5,300	-19,907
Net financial assets	220	622	134	151	256	159	700	160	124	127	145	556
Net liabilities	4,153	16,267	3,943	3,414	5,423	5,114	17,894	4,020	4,687	6,312	5,444	20,463
Portfolio Investments, Net	56	1,438	-526	302	1,741	481	1,998	-902	137	384	-211	-591
Net financial assets	56	1,438	-526	302	1,741	481	1,998	-902	137	384	-211	-591
Net liabilities	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Financial derivatives, net	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Net financial assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Net liabilities	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other Investments, net	5,559	12,107	5,930	1,417	6,026	-2,356	11,017	8,064	1,867	4,967	-1,294	13,604
Net financial assets	5,672	12,544	4,286	-356	5,644	-3,423	6,152	5,245	896	5,122	-621	10,642
Net liabilities	113	436	-1,644	-1,773	-382	-1,066	-4,865	-2,819	-971	155	672	-2,963
Reserve Assets	186	297	-639	-174	288	2,272	1,748	495	1,598	914	1,675	4,681
<b>Net Errors and Omissions</b>	2,083	-4,656	-1,288	227	-1,443	-1,401	-3,905	3,645	-529	-350	2,389	5,154
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,119	4,111	4,072	4,083	4,090	4,045	4,072	4,019	4,008	4,010	4,017	4,013

## Table 2: Balance of Payments – Goods Account

In KHR Billion

Goods Account	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>Credits (Exports)</b>												
General merchandise on a BOP basis	23,663	93,490	25,668	24,699	30,881	25,806	107,055	27,697	29,786	32,508	31,311	121,302
Net exports of goods under merchandising	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Nonmonetary gold	718	3,393	225	315	810	556	1,906	692	1,048	1,852	959	4,550
<b>Total credits (f.o.b)*</b>	<b>24,380</b>	<b>96,883</b>	<b>25,893</b>	<b>25,014</b>	<b>31,692</b>	<b>26,362</b>	<b>108,961</b>	<b>28,388</b>	<b>30,833</b>	<b>34,361</b>	<b>32,270</b>	<b>125,852</b>
Of which:												
Garment	7,988	32,361	8,349	9,309	12,507	9,723	39,887	9,778	11,428	13,442	11,118	45,766
Footwear	1,539	5,612	1,410	1,748	1,799	1,887	6,844	1,855	2,280	2,038	2,223	8,395
Other textile	2,092	8,417	2,208	2,434	2,933	2,393	9,968	2,534	2,704	2,891	2,670	10,799
Electrical part	2,283	10,887	1,534	1,699	1,937	579	5,748	552	699	891	880	3,023
Bicycle	269	2,014	397	442	437	466	1,742	563	687	552	647	2,449
Agricultural products	4,932	16,483	7,333	3,389	3,730	4,576	19,028	6,486	4,659	3,598	4,092	18,836
<b>Debits (Imports)</b>												
General merchandise on a BOP basis	27,962	108,224	28,013	31,614	32,541	34,394	126,562	33,434	35,733	36,569	42,170	147,907
Nonmonetary gold	697	925	630	33	0	9	673	0	10	0	309	319
<b>Total debits (f.o.b)*</b>	<b>28,659</b>	<b>109,149</b>	<b>28,643</b>	<b>31,648</b>	<b>32,541</b>	<b>34,403</b>	<b>127,235</b>	<b>33,434</b>	<b>35,744</b>	<b>36,569</b>	<b>42,479</b>	<b>148,226</b>
Of which:												
Garment materials	5,521	19,473	4,563	5,986	6,286	6,749	23,584	5,424	5,987	6,237	6,815	24,462
Construction materials and equipment	2,216	8,216	2,548	2,186	2,812	3,291	10,837	3,552	3,165	4,097	4,103	14,918
Vehicles	902	5,124	1,489	1,852	1,869	1,856	7,067	2,239	2,533	2,767	2,937	10,476
Petroleum	3,630	17,512	5,525	5,705	4,424	3,555	19,209	5,385	4,427	4,222	3,467	17,501
Food and beverage	1,800	5,986	1,562	1,452	1,882	2,028	6,924	1,774	1,522	2,059	2,365	7,720
<b>Balance on trade in goods</b>	<b>-4,279</b>	<b>-12,266</b>	<b>-2,751</b>	<b>-6,634</b>	<b>-849</b>	<b>-8,040</b>	<b>-18,274</b>	<b>-5,046</b>	<b>-4,910</b>	<b>-2,209</b>	<b>-10,209</b>	<b>-22,374</b>
*Include coverage adjustment												
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,119	4,111	4,072	4,083	4,090	4,045	4,072	4,019	4,008	4,010	4,017	4,013

### Table 3: Balance of Payments – Services Account

	In KHR Billion											
Services Account	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>Credits</b>												
Manufacturing services on physical inputs ownec	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Transport	521	1,921	575	555	693	697	2,519	713	634	709	810	2,867
Travel	3,267	12,673	3,675	3,409	3,616	4,105	14,805	4,395	3,872	3,459	3,838	15,564
Construction	80	462	46	47	52	103	249	89	61	79	78	306
Insurance and pension services	4	43	1	6	1	9	17	29	4	5	1	39
Financial Services	36	89	22	12	7	4	45	22	4	3	3	32
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	25	79	12	6	4	7	29	5	5	9	9	28
Telecommunications, computer and information	262	981	295	235	407	341	1,278	227	228	319	243	1,017
Other business services	168	593	132	146	162	156	596	158	200	206	211	775
Personal, cultural and recreational services	2	27	2	3	1	1	7	1	1	1	2	5
Government goods and services n.i.e.	73	344	133	166	162	178	639	192	199	170	195	757
<b>Total credit</b>	<b>4,438</b>	<b>17,213</b>	<b>4,891</b>	<b>4,586</b>	<b>5,105</b>	<b>5,602</b>	<b>20,184</b>	<b>5,830</b>	<b>5,209</b>	<b>4,960</b>	<b>5,389</b>	<b>21,388</b>
<b>Debits</b>												
Manufacturing services on physical inputs ownec	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Transport	1,428	5,614	1,485	1,523	1,536	1,600	6,144	1,601	1,772	1,756	1,823	6,951
Travel	875	3,291	756	851	812	853	3,273	799	684	519	546	2,548
Construction	62	282	70	76	106	97	349	47	46	171	104	368
Insurance and pension services	248	859	216	246	230	298	990	258	275	265	293	1,091
Financial	31	96	30	32	53	32	146	13	10	14	14	51
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	60	248	59	60	105	84	308	92	141	150	136	519
Telecommunication, computer and information s	174	703	172	167	166	158	664	173	212	170	158	713
Other business	153	512	130	140	87	102	459	102	93	110	153	459
Personal, cultural and recreational services	3	14	1	1	0	2	4	1	0	1	0	2
Government goods and services n.i.e.	48	180	41	50	32	52	175	38	22	24	38	122
<b>Total debit</b>	<b>3,083</b>	<b>11,800</b>	<b>2,960</b>	<b>3,146</b>	<b>3,127</b>	<b>3,278</b>	<b>12,512</b>	<b>3,123</b>	<b>3,255</b>	<b>3,180</b>	<b>3,265</b>	<b>12,824</b>
<b>Balances</b>												
Manufacturing services on physical inputs ownec	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Transport	-907	-3,693	-910	-969	-843	-903	-3,625	-888	-1,137	-1,047	-1,013	-4,085
Travel	2,392	9,382	2,919	2,558	2,804	3,251	11,532	3,596	3,188	2,940	3,292	13,016
Construction	18	180	-24	-29	-55	6	-101	42	15	-92	-26	-61
Insurance and pension services	-244	-816	-216	-240	-228	-288	-973	-229	-271	-260	-292	-1,053
Financial Services	4	-7	-8	-19	-46	-27	-101	9	-7	-11	-11	-20
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	-35	-169	-47	-54	-101	-77	-279	-87	-135	-141	-127	-491
Telecommunications, computer and information	89	277	122	68	242	183	615	54	16	149	85	304
Other business services	14	81	2	6	75	54	137	56	107	96	58	316
Personal, cultural and recreational services	-1	13	0	2	1	-1	2	0	1	-0	1	2
Government goods and services n.i.e.	25	164	92	116	129	126	464	154	178	146	157	635
<b>Balance on trade in services</b>	<b>1,354</b>	<b>5,414</b>	<b>1,931</b>	<b>1,439</b>	<b>1,978</b>	<b>2,323</b>	<b>7,672</b>	<b>2,707</b>	<b>1,954</b>	<b>1,780</b>	<b>2,123</b>	<b>8,564</b>
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,119	4,111	4,072	4,083	4,090	4,045	4,072	4,019	4,008	4,010	4,017	4,013

## Table 4: Balance of Payments – Primary income

	In KHR Billion											
Primary income	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>Credits</b>												
Compensation of employees	151	508	132	130	133	110	505	135	111	50	29	326
Investment income	261	1,500	516	560	599	302	1,977	463	719	536	690	2,407
Direct investment	34	168	56	46	82	30	215	46	146	46	184	422
Income on equity and investment fund shares	34	168	56	46	82	30	215	46	146	46	184	422
Interest	n.a	0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Portfolio investment	2	49	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Other investment	3	23	14	49	3	4	69	2	2	6	11	21
Reserve assets	221	1,260	446	465	513	268	1,691	414	571	484	495	1,965
Other primary income	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
<b>Total primary income credits</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>2,008</b>	<b>648</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>732</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>2,481</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>719</b>	<b>2,733</b>
<b>Debits</b>												
Compensation of employees	231	921	206	208	204	206	825	171	173	170	173	687
Investment income	825	5,001	737	551	838	987	3,114	1,175	1,431	1,499	1,569	5,673
Direct investment	734	4,456	559	473	609	881	2,522	989	1,357	1,289	1,438	5,073
Income on equity and investment fund shares	734	4,456	559	473	609	881	2,522	989	1,357	1,289	1,438	5,073
Interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portfolio investment	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment	92	545	178	78	229	106	591	186	73	211	131	600
Reserve assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other primary income	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
<b>Total primary income debits</b>	<b>1,056</b>	<b>5,922</b>	<b>943</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>1,042</b>	<b>1,194</b>	<b>3,938</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>1,603</b>	<b>1,670</b>	<b>1,741</b>	<b>6,360</b>
<b>Balances</b>												
Compensation of employees	-79	-413	-74	-79	-71	-96	-320	-35	-61	-121	-143	-361
Investment income	-564	-3,501	-222	9	-239	-685	-1,137	-712	-712	-963	-879	-3,266
Direct investment	-699	-4,288	-503	-427	-527	-851	-2,308	-943	-1,211	-1,243	-1,254	-4,651
Income on equity and investment fund shares	-699	-4,288	-503	-427	-527	-851	-2,308	-943	-1,211	-1,243	-1,254	-4,651
Interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portfolio investment	2	49	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Other investment	-89	-522	-165	-30	-225	-102	-522	-183	-72	-204	-120	-580
Reserve assets	221	1,260	446	465	513	268	1,691	414	571	484	495	1,965
Other primary income	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
<b>Balance on primary income</b>	<b>-644</b>	<b>-3,914</b>	<b>-295</b>	<b>-70</b>	<b>-311</b>	<b>-781</b>	<b>-1,457</b>	<b>-747</b>	<b>-773</b>	<b>-1,084</b>	<b>-1,022</b>	<b>-3,627</b>
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,119	4,111	4,072	4,083	4,090	4,045	4,072	4,019	4,008	4,010	4,017	4,013

**Table 5: Balance of Payments - Secondary income**

	In KHR Billion											
<b>Secondary income</b>	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>Credits</b>												
General government	523	2,139	506	472	468	462	1,908	414	374	369	369	1,525
Others	2,973	11,891	2,953	2,924	3,059	3,015	11,951	3,010	3,083	1,731	1,353	9,177
Of which:												
Workers' remittances	2,582	10,306	2,586	2,532	2,689	2,659	10,465	2,727	2,802	1,450	1,071	8,049
<b>Total secondary income credits</b>	<b>3,496</b>	<b>14,030</b>	<b>3,458</b>	<b>3,396</b>	<b>3,527</b>	<b>3,477</b>	<b>13,859</b>	<b>3,423</b>	<b>3,457</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>1,722</b>	<b>10,702</b>
<b>Debits</b>												
General government	50	107	24	19	9	52	104	4	2	16	8	30
Others	237	878	203	185	134	210	732	214	190	174	157	735
Of which:												
Workers' remittances	231	847	196	182	125	202	705	207	185	172	156	721
<b>Total secondary income debits</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>836</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>765</b>
<b>Balances</b>												
General government	473	2,032	482	453	459	410	1,804	410	372	352	361	1,495
Others	2,736	11,013	2,750	2,739	2,925	2,805	11,219	2,796	2,893	1,557	1,196	8,442
Of which:												
Workers' remittances	2,351	9,459	2,390	2,350	2,563	2,457	9,760	2,519	2,617	1,278	914	7,329
<b>Balance on secondary income</b>	<b>3,209</b>	<b>13,046</b>	<b>3,232</b>	<b>3,192</b>	<b>3,384</b>	<b>3,216</b>	<b>13,023</b>	<b>3,206</b>	<b>3,265</b>	<b>1,910</b>	<b>1,557</b>	<b>9,937</b>
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,119	4,111	4,072	4,083	4,090	4,045	4,072	4,019	4,008	4,010	4,017	4,013

## Table 6: Balance of Payments – Capital account

In KHR Billion

Capital account	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>Credits</b>												
Gross acquisitions (DR.)/disposals (CR.) of nonproduced nonfinancial assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Capital transfers	144	574	128	128	128	127	512	33	33	33	33	131
General Government	144	574	128	128	128	127	512	33	33	33	33	131
Financial and nonfinancial corporations*	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
<b>Total credits</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>131</b>
<b>Debits</b>												
Gross acquisitions (DR.)/disposals (CR.) of nonproduced nonfinancial assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Capital transfers	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
General Government	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Financial and nonfinancial corporations*	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
<b>Total debits</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>	<b>n.a</b>
<b>Balances</b>												
Gross acquisitions (DR.)/disposals (CR.) of nonproduced nonfinancial assets	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Capital transfers	144	574	128	128	128	127	512	33	33	33	33	131
General Government	144	574	128	128	128	127	512	33	33	33	33	131
Financial and nonfinancial corporations*	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
<b>Balance on capital account</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>131</b>
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,119	4,111	4,072	4,083	4,090	4,045	4,072	4,019	4,008	4,010	4,017	4,013

\*Financial and nonfinancial corporations, household and Nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISHs)

## Table 7: Balance of Payments – Financial account

In KHR Billion

Financial account	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>Cambodia investment abroad</b>												
(Net acquisition of financial assets)												
Direct investment abroad	220	622	134	151	256	159	700	160	124	127	145	556
Portfolio investment abroad	56	1,438	-526	302	1,741	481	1,998	-902	137	384	-211	-591
Other investment abroad	5,672	12,544	4,286	-356	5,644	-3,423	6,152	5,245	896	5,122	-621	10,642
Reserve assets*	186	297	-639	-174	288	2,272	1,748	495	1,598	914	1,675	4,681
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,134</b>	<b>14,900</b>	<b>3,255</b>	<b>-76</b>	<b>7,929</b>	<b>-510</b>	<b>10,598</b>	<b>4,998</b>	<b>2,755</b>	<b>6,547</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>15,287</b>
<b>Investment in Cambodia</b>												
(Net incurrence of liabilities)												
Direct investment in Cambodia	4,153	16,267	3,943	3,414	5,423	5,114	17,894	4,020	4,687	6,312	5,444	20,463
Portfolio investment in Cambodia	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment in Cambodia	113	436	-1,644	-1,773	-382	-1,066	-4,865	-2,819	-971	155	672	-2,963
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,266</b>	<b>16,703</b>	<b>2,299</b>	<b>1,641</b>	<b>5,042</b>	<b>4,047</b>	<b>13,028</b>	<b>1,201</b>	<b>3,716</b>	<b>6,467</b>	<b>6,117</b>	<b>17,500</b>
<b>Net transactions</b>												
(Net asset less net liabilities)												
Direct investment	-3,933	-15,645	-3,809	-3,263	-5,168	-4,954	-17,193	-3,860	-4,563	-6,185	-5,300	-19,907
Portfolio investment	56	1,438	-526	302	1,741	481	1,998	-902	137	384	-211	-591
Other investment	5,559	12,107	5,930	1,417	6,026	-2,356	11,017	8,064	1,867	4,967	-1,294	13,604
Reserve assets*	186	297	-639	-174	288	2,272	1,748	495	1,598	914	1,675	4,681
<b>Balance on financial account</b>	<b>1,868</b>	<b>-1,803</b>	<b>956</b>	<b>-1,717</b>	<b>2,887</b>	<b>-4,557</b>	<b>-2,430</b>	<b>3,797</b>	<b>-961</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>-5,129</b>	<b>-2,213</b>

\* Includes Monetary Gold and Special Drawing Rights

Exchange Rate (KHR/USD) 4,119 4,111 4,072 4,083 4,090 4,045 4,072 4,019 4,008 4,010 4,017 4,013

# Table 8: International Investment Position

	In KHR Billion											
International Investment Position	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>137,155</b>	<b>137,155</b>	<b>138,269</b>	<b>140,632</b>	<b>151,541</b>	<b>151,545</b>	<b>151,545</b>	<b>158,650</b>	<b>163,859</b>	<b>176,422</b>	<b>181,305</b>	<b>181,305</b>
Direct Investment	6,015	6,015	6,088	6,346	6,521	6,626	6,626	6,740	6,893	7,018	7,172	7,172
Equity and investment fund shares	6,015	6,015	6,088	6,346	6,521	6,626	6,626	6,740	6,893	7,018	7,172	7,172
Debt Instrument	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Portfolio investment	5,850	5,850	5,325	5,734	7,450	7,918	7,918	6,999	7,213	7,657	7,497	7,497
Equity and investment fund shares	3,752	3,752	3,785	3,892	4,104	4,265	4,265	4,317	4,469	4,762	4,969	4,969
Debt securities	2,099	2,099	1,541	1,842	3,345	3,654	3,654	2,683	2,744	2,895	2,528	2,528
Financial derivatives	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment	43,597	43,597	47,454	46,327	52,430	46,291	46,291	49,313	50,235	56,196	56,020	56,020
Other equity	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Currency and deposits	40,545	40,545	43,986	43,157	48,920	42,862	42,862	45,905	47,113	52,785	52,559	52,559
Loan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trade credit and advances	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other accounts receivable	3,052	3,052	3,468	3,170	3,510	3,429	3,429	3,408	3,122	3,411	3,461	3,461
Reserves assets	81,693	81,693	79,402	82,225	85,140	90,709	90,709	95,597	99,518	105,551	110,615	110,615
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>290,293</b>	<b>290,293</b>	<b>287,684</b>	<b>292,942</b>	<b>294,853</b>	<b>295,299</b>	<b>295,299</b>	<b>293,487</b>	<b>298,988</b>	<b>303,093</b>	<b>305,946</b>	<b>305,946</b>
Direct Investment	197,874	197,874	200,043	206,865	209,882	212,221	212,221	214,067	219,963	226,302	232,086	232,086
Equity and investment fund shares	196,133	196,133	198,319	205,112	207,950	210,504	210,504	212,362	218,253	224,592	230,374	230,374
Debt Instrument	1,741	1,741	1,724	1,753	1,732	1,717	1,717	1,706	1,711	1,710	1,713	1,713
Portfolio investment	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Equity and investment fund shares	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Debt securities	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Financial derivatives	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment	92,420	92,420	87,640	86,076	85,171	83,077	83,077	79,420	79,025	76,791	73,859	73,859
Other equity	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Currency and deposits	17,861	17,861	17,043	16,779	16,077	15,866	15,866	15,806	15,445	15,077	14,801	14,801
Loan	73,163	73,163	69,233	67,920	67,693	65,875	65,875	62,263	62,179	60,320	57,660	57,660
Trade credit and advances	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other accounts payable	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Special drawing rights	1,396	1,396	1,365	1,377	1,400	1,337	1,337	1,350	1,401	1,393	1,399	1,399
<b>International Investment Position, net</b>	<b>-153,138</b>	<b>-153,138</b>	<b>-149,415</b>	<b>-152,309</b>	<b>-143,312</b>	<b>-143,754</b>	<b>-143,754</b>	<b>-134,837</b>	<b>-135,130</b>	<b>-126,671</b>	<b>-124,641</b>	<b>-124,641</b>
Direct Investment	-191,858	-191,858	-193,955	-200,520	-203,161	-205,595	-205,595	-207,327	-213,071	-219,284	-224,914	-224,914
Equity and investment fund shares	-190,117	-190,117	-192,231	-198,786	-201,429	-203,878	-203,878	-205,621	-211,360	-217,574	-223,202	-223,202
Debt Instrument	-1,741	-1,741	-1,724	-1,753	-1,732	-1,717	-1,717	-1,706	-1,711	-1,710	-1,713	-1,713
Portfolio investment	5,850	5,850	5,325	5,734	7,450	7,918	7,918	6,999	7,213	7,657	7,497	7,497
Equity and investment fund shares	3,752	3,752	3,785	3,892	4,104	4,265	4,265	4,317	4,469	4,762	4,969	4,969
Debt securities	2,099	2,099	1,541	1,842	3,345	3,654	3,654	2,683	2,744	2,895	2,528	2,528
Financial derivatives	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other investment	-48,823	-48,823	-40,187	-39,749	-32,741	-36,787	-36,787	-30,107	-28,790	-20,595	-17,839	-17,839
Other equity	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Currency and deposits	22,684	22,684	26,942	26,377	32,842	26,997	26,997	30,099	31,668	37,708	37,759	37,759
Loan	-73,163	-73,163	-69,233	-67,920	-67,693	-65,875	-65,875	-62,263	-62,179	-60,320	-57,660	-57,660
Trade credit and advances	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Other account receivable/account payable	3,052	3,052	3,468	3,170	3,510	3,429	3,429	3,408	3,122	3,411	3,461	3,461
Special drawing rights	-1,396	-1,396	-1,365	-1,377	-1,400	-1,337	-1,337	-1,350	-1,401	-1,393	-1,399	-1,399
Reserves assets	81,693	81,693	79,402	82,225	85,140	90,709	90,709	95,597	99,518	105,551	110,615	110,615
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,085	4,085	4,045	4,114	4,063	4,030	4,030	4,002	4,013	4,013	4,018	4,018

## Table 9: Gross External Debt Position by sector

In KHR Billion

Gross External Debt Position	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
<b>General Government</b>	<b>45,693</b>	<b>45,693</b>	<b>44,493</b>	<b>45,920</b>	<b>47,482</b>	<b>48,007</b>	<b>48,007</b>	<b>48,385</b>	<b>50,372</b>	<b>50,230</b>	<b>51,449</b>	<b>51,449</b>
Special drawing rights (allocations)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Currency and deposits	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Debt securities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Loans	45,693	45,693	44,493	45,920	47,482	48,007	48,007	48,385	50,372	50,230	51,449	51,449
Trade credit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other debt liabilities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Central Bank</b>	<b>1,396</b>	<b>1,396</b>	<b>1,365</b>	<b>1,377</b>	<b>1,400</b>	<b>1,337</b>	<b>1,337</b>	<b>1,350</b>	<b>1,402</b>	<b>1,393</b>	<b>1,399</b>	<b>1,399</b>
Special drawing rights (allocations)	1,396	1,396	1,365	1,377	1,400	1,337	1,337	1,350	1,401	1,393	1,399	1,399
Currency and deposits	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Debt securities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Loans	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other debt liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Deposit Taking Corporation*</b>	<b>45,333</b>	<b>45,333</b>	<b>41,784</b>	<b>38,781</b>	<b>36,291</b>	<b>33,735</b>	<b>33,735</b>	<b>29,685</b>	<b>27,252</b>	<b>25,301</b>	<b>24,590</b>	<b>24,590</b>
Currency and deposits	17,861	17,861	17,043	16,779	16,077	15,866	15,866	15,806	15,445	15,077	14,801	14,801
Debt securities	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Loans	27,470	27,470	24,740	22,000	20,210	17,867	17,867	13,879	11,807	10,224	9,790	9,790
Trade credit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other debt liabilities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Sectors</b>	<b>1,525.95</b>	<b>1,525.95</b>	<b>1,579.27</b>	<b>1,551.03</b>	<b>1,480.36</b>	<b>1,447.20</b>	<b>1,447.20</b>	<b>1,368.89</b>	<b>1,389.33</b>	<b>1,384.47</b>	<b>1,430.55</b>	<b>1,430.55</b>
Currency and deposits	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Debt securities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Loans	1,340.29	1,340.29	1,362.74	1,368.02	1,299.09	1,293.07	1,293.07	1,196.12	1,218.18	1,225.72	1,275.94	1,275.94
Trade credit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other debt liabilities	185.66	185.66	216.53	183.01	181.28	154.13	154.13	172.77	171.15	158.74	154.61	154.61
<b>Gross External Debt Position</b>	<b>93,948</b>	<b>93,948</b>	<b>89,221</b>	<b>87,629</b>	<b>86,654</b>	<b>84,527</b>	<b>84,527</b>	<b>80,789</b>	<b>80,415</b>	<b>78,309</b>	<b>78,868</b>	<b>78,868</b>
*Deposit-Taking Corporation, except the Central Bank												
Exchange Rate (KHR/USD)	4,085	4,085	4,045	4,114	4,063	4,030	4,030	4,002	4,013	4,013	4,018	4,018

**Table 10: Balance of Payments Ratios**

<b>Balance of Payments Ratios</b>	23Q4	2023	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	2024	25Q1	25Q2	25Q3	25Q4	2025
Goods credits/current account	74.5%	74.4%	74.2%	74.3%	77.2%	73.5%	74.9%	74.2%	76.5%	81.8%	80.5%	78.3%
Goods debits/current account	86.6%	85.4%	87.4%	88.5%	88.3%	87.9%	88.0%	87.7%	87.6%	87.9%	89.1%	88.1%
Goods and services credits/GDP	65.5%	65.0%	65.7%	63.0%	78.2%	68.7%	68.9%	70.0%	73.9%	80.6%	77.1%	75.4%
Goods and services debits/GDP	72.2%	66.9%	67.4%	74.1%	75.8%	80.9%	74.6%	74.8%	80.0%	81.5%	93.6%	82.5%
Investment income credits/current account credits	0.8%	1.2%	1.5%	1.7%	1.5%	0.8%	1.4%	1.2%	1.8%	1.3%	1.7%	1.5%
Investment income debits/current account debits	2.5%	3.9%	2.2%	1.5%	2.3%	2.5%	2.2%	3.1%	3.5%	3.6%	3.3%	3.4%
Current account balance/GDP	-0.8%	1.3%	4.5%	-4.4%	8.9%	-7.1%	0.5%	0.2%	-1.0%	0.8%	-15.5%	-3.8%
Official reserve in months of prospective imports	7.8	7.8	6.8	6.9	6.8	7.4	7.0	7.4	7.5	6.9	7.3	7.3

## TECHNICAL NOTES

### CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The Balance of Payments (BOP) and International Investment Position (IIP) statistics are compiled by the External Sector Statistics Division of the Statistics Department of the National Bank of Cambodia (NBC). BOP and IIP statistics are published on a quarterly basis in local currency (in KHR billion). From the second quarter of 2019 onwards, the NBC compiles and publishes the Balance of Payments (BOP) and International Investment Position (IIP) statistics, based on the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual, the Sixth Edition (BPM6), published in 2009 by the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

These statistics cover all economical transactions of economic institutional units such as general government, central bank, deposit taking institutions, other financial institutions, business enterprises, households, and non-profit institutions serving households as the residents of Cambodia with the nonresidents. All transactions are recorded at market prices, wherever possible, and based on an accrual basis. For the current practices, some data and classifications are estimated due to the insufficient data sources. Merchandise trade data is collected from the General Department of Customs and Excise of Cambodia of the Ministry of Economy and Finance (MEF). The exports of goods are recorded based on a free on board (F.O.B) basis, while the imports of goods associated with a cost principle of insurance and freight (C.I.F) basis are to be adjusted to F.O.B value. Other administrative data, especially data for services, primary income, and secondary income, are recorded when economical transactions occur or on an accrual basis; while the other data, which are not accessible from the administrative sources, are taken from the International Transaction Reporting System (ITRS), recorded on a cash basis, and from an estimated data from surveys (if any). At the same time, financial transactions are recorded whenever economic transactions occur or on an accrual basis. The recordings of arrears are consistent with BPM6 standard.

Accordingly, the compilers of BOP and IIP data face many challenges. For instance, in the current account, the challenges include 1/- the coverage of Goods that are not passed through the custom 2/- some service items and primary income data from administrative sources are available only in semester or annual basis and some are from the occasional surveys and 3/- the limitation of data sources on secondary income under the form of private transfer, government transfer and capital transfer. Likewise, the data received on IIP are still inadequate such as foreign direct investment and other investment by private sector as well as the Cambodians' investment abroad due to the constraints on data sources. Currently, Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) data relies heavily on administrative data; however, in standardized rule, the FDI data should be compiled based on a regular survey. Within the same context, the compilation of FDI statistics on the country of origin of foreign investors is not fully accessible. At the present time, in terms of foreign debt, data source is only available to compile external debt of public sector, particularly in general government and central bank; while the data source to compile external debt of private sector, except banking sector, is not available. Moreover, a regular survey to compile this data is not feasible.

### EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOODS

The estimated methodology for General Merchandise Trade is made for exports and imports with tax or tax-free, including informal trade.

**Export Goods** is estimated by the main commodities such as garments (clothes, footwear, travelling goods and others garments), manufacturing products excluded garments (vehicle

parts, electrical parts, bicycles and others manufacturing products), agricultural products (rubber, paddy rice and other agricultural products) and re-exports, which are based on the data from the General Department of Customs and Excise of Cambodia of the Ministry of Economy and Finance (MEF), combined with an additional estimation of informal trades through the border trade observations, and an additional data from relevant ministries and business partner countries.

**Import Goods** is estimated by the main commodities such as raw material imports, garment materials, construction materials and equipment, vehicles, petroleum, food and beverage, non-monetary gold and other goods, based on the data from the General Department of Customs and Excise of Cambodia of the Ministry of Economy and Finance (MEF), from C.I.F basis to F.O.B. basis, combined with an additional estimation of informal trades through the border trade observations, and an additional data from relevant ministries as well as mirror data.

### **SERVICES ACCOUNT**

Freight is estimated at 9 percent of C.I.F while insurance fee is at 1 percent of C.I.F. Freight for imports and exports are apportioned among air, sea, road, and other transport means. Freight on imports carried by nonresident airlines is estimated by applying an average freight rate per ton to the quantity of imports. Freight on exports carried by the resident airlines is estimated by using the same methodology.

**For Air Transport:** Passenger fares paid by residents to nonresident airlines are estimated based on information on the number of passengers combined with data collected by the State Secretariat of Civil Aviation and the General Department of Immigration of the Ministry of Interior (MOI) on the number of resident and nonresident arrivals and departures, and the number of passengers on each airline. The average fare of both resident and non-resident passengers, paid to both domestic and non-resident airlines, are estimated by using data from travel agencies and ticket prices on each airlines' website. Other air transportation services are estimated from an information provided by the resident airlines for expenditure in foreign airports and an information provided by the State Secretariat of Civil Aviation for expenditure in Cambodia by nonresident airlines.

**For Sea Transport:** Freight on imports carried by nonresident carriers is estimated by deducting freight on air imports from an estimation of freight on total imports and applying to the result of the share of nonresident shipping. Freight on exports carried by resident carriers is estimated by multiplying an average freight rate for exported goods with a proportion of the ton of exports estimated to be carried by residents. Other sea transportation services are estimated from information provided by resident shipping agents and port authorities.

**For Travel (credit):** Income from travel (credit) is estimated according to the type of travelers such as tourists, business travelers, diplomats, and gamblers. Information on the number of arrivals such as business travelers, diplomats, gamblers, length of stay and the average cost per traveler are collected from the Ministry of Tourism (MOT), Ministry of Interior (MOI), travel agencies and surveys.

**For Travel (debit):** Expenditure of travel (debit) is estimated based on the number of foreign travelers abroad, length of stay and the average cost of each type of travelers abroad. Estimated methods are made separately between personal and business traveler, but in the publication, these two data are not divided.

Other Services included construction services, insurance and pensions, financial services, charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e, telecommunication, computer and information services, other business services, personal, cultural, and recreational services, and government goods services n.i.e are estimated based on the data from ITRS and other

available sources. However, manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others and maintenance and repair services n.i.e are not available yet.

### **PRIMARY INCOME ACCOUNT (CREDITS AND DEBITS)**

Primary income account includes compensation of employees, and investment income followed by financial instruments such as direct investment, portfolio investment, other investments, and reserve assets. Compensation of employees (credit) is estimated based on the number of Cambodian workers oversea from the Ministry of Labor and Vocational Training (MLVT), the average wages tracked by countries and skills, and compensation of employees working at foreign embassies; while compensation of employees (debit) is estimated based on the data obtained ITRS. The Direct Investment Income (credit) is estimated based on the data obtained from ITRS. Meanwhile, Direct Investment Income (debit) is estimated from the direct investment income of non-residents in banking sector, the listed enterprises received a preferential system from the Council for Development of Cambodia (CDC) and casino sector; while the investment income from other investment companies is not available, and a regular survey to compile these data is not feasible. Further, Portfolio Investment Income is estimated based on the data obtained from ITRS, while the debit segment is not available due to the newly established securities market in Cambodia. Incomes from other investments (credit) are estimated based on the data obtained from ITRS. Meanwhile, the debit portion is estimated based on the external debt statistics from the Department of Debt Management of the General Department of International Cooperation and Debt Management of MEF, the interest paid to non-residents by banks, and the data obtained from ITRS. In addition, interest expenses of the private sector are not available and a regular survey to compile this data is not feasible. Reserve Assets Investment Income is estimated through NBC data.

### **SECONDARY INCOME ACCOUNT (CREDITS AND DEBITS)**

Secondary Income (credit) is estimated based on the data from CDC and government financial statistics (GFS). In addition, workers' remittances are estimated based on the number of Cambodian workers overseas from MLVT, the average wages estimated by countries and expertise combined with ITRS. Secondary Income (debit) is estimated based on the government financial statistics (GFS) for the government side and ITRS for other sectors.

### **CAPITAL ACCOUNT**

The official debt forgiveness data is estimated based on the data collected from the Department of Debt Management of the General Department of International Cooperation and Debt Management of MEF. Private sector debt forgiveness data is not available. Other capital transfer data is estimated based on the data collected by CDC.

### **FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS**

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) is categorized into investment instruments such as direct investment, portfolio investment, financial derivative instruments, and other investment and reserve assets. FDI (asset) is estimated based on ITRS; while FDI (liability) is estimated from the non-resident direct investment data of banking sector, the listed investment enterprises received a preferential system from CDC. The investment of other investment enterprises is estimated based on ITRS due to unavailable data from the survey. Portfolio Investment (asset) is estimated based on the data from banks and ITRS, while the liability side is not available due to the newly established securities market in Cambodia. Additionally, Financial

Derivative Investment is not available. Other Investment (asset) is estimated based on the data from banks, MEF and ITRS; while the liability portion is estimated based on the data from banks and ITRS. The reserve asset is estimated based on NBC data.

### **INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITIONS AND EXTERNAL DEBT**

International Investment Positions (IIP) statistics are estimated by the same methodology in financial account, but are calculated as stock position, including exchange rate changes, price changes and other changes. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) is categorized into investment instruments such as direct investment, portfolio investment, financial derivative instruments, other investments, and reserve assets. FDI (asset) is estimated based on ITRS, while FDI (liability) is estimated based on the non-resident direct investment data of banking sector, the listed investment enterprises received a preferential system from CDC. The investment of other investment enterprises is estimated based on ITRS due to unavailable data from the survey. Portfolio Investment (asset) is estimated based on the data from banks and ITRS, while the liability side is not available due to the newly established securities market in Cambodia. In addition, Financial Derivative Investment is not available. Other Investment (asset) is estimated based on the data from banks, MEF and ITRS, while the liability portion is estimated based on the data from banks and ITRS. The reserve asset is estimated based on NBC data.

The external debt is estimated based on the data from MEF, NBC and banks. In addition, the external debt for the private sector, except the banking sector, is not available and a regular survey to compile this data is not feasible.

### **DISSEMINATION AND REVISION**

Dissemination of Balance of Payments (BOP) and International Investment Position (IIP) statistics are published in the Cambodia Balance of Payments Statistics Bulletin in the form of hard copy and on NBC website in the form of soft copy, on a quarterly basis as well as in the semester and annual reports of NBC, Cambodia Enhancement General Data Dissemination System (e-GDDS) and Balance of Payments Statistics Yearbook of International Monetary Fund (IMF).

The BOP and IIP statistics are subjected to revision due to the revision of data and data sources, expansion of data coverage and revision of compilation methodologies. The adjustments are made with the aims of strengthening the quality of data and scope, and the consistency with other macroeconomic statistics such as National Account Statistics (NAS), Government Financial Statistics (GFS) and Monetary and Financial Statistics (MFS).

## SUMMARY THE CHANGES FROM BPM5 TO BPM6

No.	Name	BPM6	BPM5
1	Current and Capital accounts transactions	Credit and Debit transactions are recorded with a <b>plus (+)</b> sign.	Credit transactions are recorded with a <b>plus (+)</b> sign, while Debit transactions are recorded with a <b>minus (-)</b> sign.
2	Financial account transactions	Financial flows are presented on a net basis for each instrument: <i><b>Net acquisition of financial assets and net incurrence of liabilities.</b></i>	Financial flows are presented in detail on credit and debit: <i><b>financial assets and financial liabilities.</b></i>
3	Financial account	Form of presentation: <i><b>net acquisition of financial assets/net incurrence of liabilities/net</b></i>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>net acquisition of financial assets</b> - the increase in financial assets <b>minus</b> the reduction of financial assets.</li> <li>• <b>net incurrence of liabilities</b> - increase in liabilities <b>minus</b> the reduction of financial liabilities.</li> <li>• <b>net - net acquisition of financial assets minus net incurrence of liabilities</b></li> </ul>	Form of presentation: <i><b>credit/ debit/ net</b></i>
4	Financial account	The increase in both financial assets and financial liabilities is recorded with a <b>plus sign (positive)</b> , while the reduction in financial assets and liabilities - with a <b>minus sign (negative)</b> .	The increase in financial assets and reduction in financial liabilities is recorded with a <b>minus sign (negative)</b> , while the reduction in financial assets and increase in financial liabilities - with a <b>plus sign (positive)</b> .
5	Financial account	The <b>Net</b> in BPM6 will have the opposite sign to BPM5, but the same economic significance.	
6	Current and Capital account balance	<b>Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-)</b> Current and Capital account balance	The current account balance is presented separately, and the capital and financial account balance is also presented separately.
7	Financial account balance	<b>Net lending (+) / Net borrowing (-)</b> Financial account balance	Financial account balance
8	Financial account balance	It is calculated <b>as the difference</b> between the changes in assets and changes in liabilities.	It is calculated <b>as the sum</b> of changes in assets and changes in liabilities.
9	Equality of balances concept	The current and capital account balance is conceptually equal to the financial account balance ( <i>the item "net errors and omissions" is introduced to reach equality</i> ).	The current account balance is conceptually equal to the capital and financial account balance with the sign reversed ( <i>the item "net errors and omissions" is introduced to reach the equality</i> ).
10	Net errors and omissions	It is calculated <b>as the difference</b> between the financial account balance and the current and capital account balance.	It is calculated <b>as the difference</b> between the current account balance and the capital and financial account balance.
11	Current account	Primary income	Income
12	Current account	Secondary income	Current transfers

**អ៊ីនធឺណែត**

**INTERNET**

៖ [www.nbc.gov.kh](http://www.nbc.gov.kh) គឺជាគេហទំព័ររបស់ធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា។ ទិន្នន័យថ្មីៗ ក្នុងគេហទំព័រ និងទិន្នន័យបន្តបន្ទាប់ទៀត ត្រូវបាននិងកំពុងដាក់បញ្ចូលទៅក្នុង ប្រព័ន្ធទិន្នន័យ តាមធនធានដែលមាន។ លើសពីនេះទៀត គេហទំព័រនេះ គឺជាទីតាំង ដ៏ល្អបំផុតដើម្បីទទួលបានទិន្នន័យសង្ខេបនៃការចេញផ្សាយចុងក្រោយបង្អស់។

*www.nbc.gov.kh is the NBC website. The new data and metadata on website are progressively being added to the database, as resources permit. This website is the best place to start for the accessibility to summary data from the latest publications.*

**មន្ទីរសេវា**

**REFERENCE LIBRARY**

៖ ឯកសារបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយរបស់ធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា មួយចំនួនអាចរកបានសម្រាប់ ប្រើប្រាស់នៅមជ្ឈមណ្ឌលសេវាព័ត៌មានស្ថិតិនៃវិទ្យាស្ថានជាតិស្ថិតិ។

*A range of NBC reference publications are available for use by data users at the NIS Data User's Service Center.*

**សេវាព័ត៌មាន**

**INFORMATION SERVICE**

៖ បុគ្គលិករបស់នាយកដ្ឋានស្ថិតិ នៃធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា អាចជួយចង្អុលបង្ហាញ ឬណែនាំ អ្នកប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុងការស្វែងរកទិន្នន័យតាមតម្រូវការ។ ការបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយ របស់ធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា អាចរកជាបាន ហើយសេវាលើការងារជាប្រចាំក៏អាច រៀបចំបានដែរ។ ចំពោះសេវា លើទិន្នន័យពិសេសផ្សេងទៀតក៏អាចរកបានផងដែរ តាមរយៈការមកជាវត្រឹមត្រូវដោយផ្ទាល់។

*The Statistics Department's staffs at NBC could assist users in addressing their data requirements. NBC publications are available for sale and subscription services could be arranged. Other special data services are also available, on a user pays basis.*

**អាសយដ្ឋានទំនាក់ទំនង**

**CONTACT DETAILS**

**ធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា**

**NATIONAL BANK OF CAMBODIA**

នាយកដ្ឋានស្ថិតិ

Statistics Department

អគារលេខ ៦៩-៧០ មហាវិថីហាណូយ (លេខ១០១៩) ភូមិបាយ៉ាប សង្កាត់

ភ្នំពេញថ្មី ខណ្ឌសែនសុខ រាជធានីភ្នំពេញ

# 69-70, Hanoi Blvd. (1019), Phum Bayab, Sangkat Phnom Penh Thmei, Khan

Sen Sok, Phnom Penh, Cambodia

អ៊ីម៉ែល ៖ [statistics@nbc.gov.kh](mailto:statistics@nbc.gov.kh)

E-mail : [statistics@nbc.gov.kh](mailto:statistics@nbc.gov.kh)

ទូរស័ព្ទ ៖ (៨៥៥) ២៣ ៧២២ ៥៦៣ – ១១១៨

Telephone : (855) 23 722 563 – 1118

ទូរសារ ៖ (៨៥៥) ២៣ ៤២៦ ១១៧

Facsimile : (855) 23 426 117



**ISSN 2074-5699**

**ផលិតដោយ ធនាគារជាតិនៃកម្ពុជា**

*Produced by the National Bank of Cambodia*